

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

READER-HOST-PROTOCOL

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 1 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

Histroy of Change:

13.07.2009	sde	Changed output power to attenuation.	v0.01
28.07.2009	sde	Added Lock command	v0.02
03.08.2009	sde	Adapted Return codes and enums	v0.03
10.11.2009	sde	Added state information and interrupt	v0.04
30.04.2010	sde	Added sensitivity setting	v0.05
12.05.2010	sde	Added the status register	v0.06
24.01.2011	sde	Added GPIO commands	v0.07
09.05.2011	sde	Added duplex heartbeat description	v0.08
08.12.2011	sde	Added LBT Params, Added Boot-Up-Finished Interrupt, Added Notifications	v0.09
21.12.2011	sde	Added Antenna Commands	v0.10
06.09.2012	sde	Added return code RESULT_PENDING	v0.11
09.11.2012	sde	Added GPIO-Values-Changed Interrupt	v0.12

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 2 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

1	Introduction	6
2	Packet Transmission	6
3	Packet Structure	7
4	Return Codes	8
5	Variable Dictionary	9
5.1	Reader Common (01)	9
5.2	RF-Settings (02)	9
5.3	Reader Control (03)	10
5.4	Tag-Mode (04)	10
5.5	GPIO (05)	10
5.6	Antenna (06)	11
5.7	Notifications (10)	11
5.8	Tag Control (50)	11
5.9	Reader-Interrupts (90)	11
6	Detailed Description	12
6.1	Get-Serial-Number (01-01)	12
6.2	Get-Reader-Type (01-02)	12
6.3	Get-Hardware-Revision (01-03)	12
6.4	Get-Software-Revision (01-04)	13
6.5	Get-Bootloader-Revision (01-05)	13
6.6	Get-Current-State (01-07)	14
6.7	Get-Status-Register (01-08)	14
6.8	Get-Antenna-Count (01-10)	14
6.9	Get-Attenuation (02-01)	15
6.10	Get-Frequency (02-02)	15
6.11	Get-Sensitivity (02-03)	16

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 3 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.12	Get-LBT-Params (02-04) since v1.07	16
6.13	Set-Attenuation (02-81)	17
6.14	Set-Frequency (02-82)	18
6.15	Set-Sensitivity (02-83)	19
6.16	Set-LBT-Params (02-84) since v1.07	20
6.17	Reboot (03-01).....	21
6.18	Set-Heartbeat (03-02).....	21
6.19	Set-Antenna-Power (03-03).....	22
6.20	Restore-Factory-Settings (03-20)	23
6.21	Save-Settings-Permanent (03-21)	23
6.22	Set-Param (03-30)	24
6.23	Get-Param (03-31).....	24
6.24	Set-Device-Name (03-32)	25
6.25	Set-Device-Name (03-33)	25
6.26	Set-Device-Location (03-34)	26
6.27	Set-Device-Location (03-35)	26
6.28	Set-Tag-Mode (04-01) (not implemented yet).....	27
6.29	Get Current-Tag-Mode (04-02) (not implemented yet).....	28
6.30	Get Tag-Function-List (04-03) (not implemented yet)	28
6.31	Get-GPIO-Caps (05-01)	29
6.32	Get-GPIO-Direction (05-02).....	29
6.33	Set-GPIO-Direction (05-03).....	30
6.34	Get-GPIO (05-04)	30
6.35	Set-GPIO (05-05).....	31
6.36	Clear-GPIO (05-06).....	31
6.37	Set- Antenna-Sequence (06-01) since v1.08	32
6.38	Get-Antenna-Sequence (06-02) since v1.08.....	33
6.39	Set-Working-Antenna (06-03) since v1.08	33

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 4 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.40	Get-Working-Antenna (06-04) since v1.08.....	34
6.41	Activate-Notification (10-01).....	35
6.42	Deactivate-Notification (10-02).....	35
6.43	Get-Active-Notifications (10-03)	36
6.44	Inventory-Single (50-01)	37
6.45	Inventory-Cyclic (50-02)	39
6.46	Read-From-Tag (50-03)	40
6.47	Write-To-Tag (50-04).....	41
6.48	Lock-Tag (50-05)	42
6.49	Kill-Tag (50-06).....	43
6.50	Custom-Tag-Command (50-10)	44
6.51	Read-Multiple-From-Tag (50-20).....	45
6.52	Heartbeat-Interrupts (90-01)	47
6.53	Inventory-Cyclic-Interrupt (90-02)	47
6.54	State-Changed-Interrupt (90-03).....	48
6.55	Status-Reg-Changed-Interrupt (90-04).....	48
6.56	Boot-Up-Finished-Interrupt (90-05)	48
6.57	Notification-Interrupt (90-06)	48
6.58	Operation-Result-Interrupt (90-08).....	49
6.59	GPIO-Values-Changed-Interrupt (90-09).....	49
7	Pending Results	50
8	Data Structures	51

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 5 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

1 Introduction

This document describes the RFE communication protocol that is used for the RFE RFID products. The protocol was designed to work with all RFE RFID products (active and passive) and independent of which interface is used for the communication. So it is a very small and essential protocol but has the possibility to be enhanced.

In the following chapters the structures and the values of the protocol are described.

2 Packet Transmission

This protocol does not depend on the interface which is used for the communication. So with the use of every interface the data structure is the same.

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 6 von 51
-----------------------------------	----------------------------------	-----------------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

3 Packet Structure

All exchanged packets follow the same structure as shown below:

Start Bytes	3 Byte
Command Start Byte	1 Byte
Command	2 Byte
Length Start Byte	1 Byte
Length	1 Byte
Payload Start Byte	1 Byte
Payload	Variable
Checksum Start Byte	1 Byte
Checksum	1 Byte

Start Byte: The start bytes are used to signalize the start of a new packet.

They are always **0x52, 0x46, 0x45** (ASCII: R, F, E).

Command1-2: The two command fields describe which command should be executed. These commands are described in the chapter 5.

Length & Payload: These two fields contain the payload and the length of this packet. The length indicates the count of characters in the payload field. If length is zero, the payload start byte and payload can / must be left out.

Checksum: The checksum is just a simple XOR connection of all data before.

All other start bytes are used to synchronize the protocol and to reduce the probability of the misinterpretation of the byte sequence.

Example: (Save-Settings-Permanent)

52 46 45 01 0321 02 01 03 00 04 cs

start bytes: appear in every message, except the payload start byte (0x03)

commands: always appear in a row of two bytes

length: one byte, max length is 255

payload: includes data or parameter like modes, IDs, return results etc...

cs: checksum, xor conjunction of all preceding bytes of that messages

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 7 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

4 Return Codes

The return codes of all reader functions are listed below:

Name	Value	Description
RFE_RET_SUCCESS	0x00	Everything went fine.
RFE_RET_RESULT_PENDING	0x01	The operation is pending, the result will be sent later on.
RFE_RET_ERR_OP_NOT_SUPPORTED	0x50	Operation is not supported on this reader.
RFE_RET_ERR_UNKOWN_ERR	0x51	Unkown error.
RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP	0x52	The operation could not be executed.
RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE	0x53	The reader could not write the value.
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT	0x54	The function was called with the wrong parameter count.
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM	0x55	The function was called with the wrong parameter.

The return codes of the Tag Manipulator Interface (TMI) that can be returned when a tag should be manipulated are listed below:

Name	Value	Description
RFE_RET_TMI_TAG_UNREACHABLE	0xA0	The reader could not reach the tag.
RFE_RET_TMI_MEM_OVERRUN	0xA1	The specified memory space is not valid.
RFE_RET_TMI_MEM_LOCKED	0xA2	The specified memory space is locked.
RFE_RET_TMI_INSUFFICIENT_POWER	0xA3	The tag has too less power.
RFE_RET_TMI_WRONG_PASSWORD	0xA4	The specified password is wrong.

This table should be used as an enum with the name RFE_RET_VALUE. This type is used in the following description. It is used as an unsigned char.

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 8 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

5 Variable Dictionary

5.1 Reader Common (01)

Command Byte 1	Command Byte 2	Version
Reader-Common	Get-Serial Number	0x01
	Get-Reader Type	0x02
	Get-Hardware Revision	0x03
	Get-Software Revision	0x04
	Get-Bootloader Revision	0x05
	Get-Current-System	0x06
	Get-Current-State	0x07
	Get-Status-Register	0x08
	Get-Antenna-Count	0x10
		1.08

5.2 RF-Settings (02)

Command Byte 1	Command Byte 2	Version
Reader-RF	Get-Attenuation	0x01
	Get-Frequency	0x02
	Get-Sensitivity	0x03
	Get-LBT-Params	0x04
	Set-Attenuation	0x81
	Set-Frequency	0x82
	Set-Sensitivity	0x83
	Set-LBT-Params	0x84
		1.08

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 9 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

5.3 Reader Control (03)

Command Byte 1	Command Byte 2	Version
Reader-Control	Reboot	0x01
	Set-Heart-Beat	0x02
	Set-Antenna-Power	0x03
	<i>Set Attenuation (dBm)</i>	<i>0x04 Deprecated since 1.08</i>
	<i>Set Frequency</i>	<i>0x05 Deprecated since 1.08</i>
	<i>Set Sensitivity</i>	<i>0x06 Deprecated since 1.08</i>
	<i>Set-LBT-Params</i>	<i>0x07 Deprecated since 1.08</i>
	Restore-Factory-Settings	0x20
	Save-Settings-Permanent	0x21
	Set-Param	0x30
	Get-Param	0x31
	Set-Device-Name	0x32 1.04
	Get-Device-Name	0x33 1.04
	Set-Device-Location	0x34 1.04
	Get-Device-Location	0x35 1.04

5.4 Tag-Mode (04)

Command Byte 1	Command Byte 2	Version
Reader-Tag-Mode	<i>Set-Tag-Mode</i>	<i>0x01 Not yet implemented</i>
	<i>Get-Current-Tag-Mode</i>	<i>0x02 Not yet implemented</i>
	<i>Get-Tag-Function-List</i>	<i>0x03 Not yet implemented</i>

5.5 GPIO (05)

Command Byte 1	Command Byte 2	Version
GPIO-Control	Get-GPIO-Caps	0x01
	Get-GPIO-Direction	0x02
	Set-GPIO-Direction	0x03
	Get-GPIO	0x04
	Set-GPIO	0x05
	Clear-GPIO	0x06

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 10 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

5.6 Antenna (06)

Command Byte 1	Command Byte 2	Version
Antenna-Control	Set-Antenna-Sequence	0x01 1.08
	Get-Antenna-Sequence	0x02 1.08
	Set-Working-Antenna	0x03 1.08
	Get-Working-Antenna	0x04 1.08

5.7 Notifications (10)

Command Byte 1	Command Byte 2	Version
Notifications	Activate-Notifications	0x01 1.07
	Deactivate-Notifications	0x02 1.07
	Get-Active-Notifications	0x03 1.07

5.8 Tag Control (50)

Command Byte 1	Command Byte 2	Version
Tag-Functions	Inventory-Single	0x01
	Inventory-Cyclic	0x02
	Read-From-Tag	0x03
	Write-To-Tag	0x04
	Lock-Tag	0x05
	Kill-Tag	0x06
	Custom-Tag-Command	0x10
	Read-Multiple-From-Tag	0x20

5.9 Reader-Interrupts (90)

Command Byte 1	Command Byte 2	Version
Interrupt	Heart-Beat-Interrupt	0x01
	Inventory-Cyclic-Interrupt	0x02
	State-Changed-Interrupt	0x03
	Status-Reg-Changed-Interrupt	0x04
	Boot-Up-Finished	0x05 v1.02
	Notification-Interrupt	0x06 v1.07
	Operation-Result-Interrupt	0x08
	GPIO-Values-Changed-Interrupt	0x09 V1.16

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 11 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6 Detailed Description

6.1 Get-Serial-Number (01-01)

This command returns the serial number of the reader.

Return Values: unsigned long **serialNumber**

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0101 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0101 02 04 03 03000015 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

serialNumber = 0x03 0x00 0x00 0x15 -> "03-00-00-15"

6.2 Get-Reader-Type (01-02)

This command returns the reader type of the reader.

Return Values: unsigned long **readerType**

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0102 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0102 02 04 03 81010101 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

readerType = 0x81 0x01 0x01 0x01 -> 81-01-01-01

-> PUR RM1

6.3 Get-Hardware-Revision (01-03)

This command returns the hardware revision of the reader. The version number is split into blocks of 4 bit. One of these blocks represents a decimal character. There are always two characters in front of the point and two after the point. So the first two bytes of the hardware revision are not used.

Return Values: unsigned long **hardwareRevision**

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0103 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0103 02 04 03 00000115 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

hardwareRev = 0x00 0x00 | 0x01 . 0x15 -> "01.15"

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 12 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.4 Get-Software-Revision (01-04)

This command returns the software revision of the reader. The version number is split into blocks of 4 bit. One of these blocks represents a decimal character. There are always two characters in front of the point and two after the point. The first two byte of the software reversion define the application version and the second two bytes the version of the used kernel.

Return Values: unsigned long **softwareRevision**

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0104 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0104 02 04 03 03710107 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

softwareRev = 0x03 0x71 | 0x01 0x07

-> App: "03.71" Kernel: "01.07"

6.5 Get-Bootloader-Revision (01-05)

This command returns the bootloader revision of the reader. The version number is split into blocks of 4 bit. One of these blocks represents a decimal character. There are always two characters in front of the point and two after the point. So the first two bytes of the bootloader revision are not used.

Return Values: unsigned long **bootloaderRevision**

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0105 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0105 02 04 03 00000105 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

bootloaderRev = 0x00 0x00 | 0x01 . 0x05 -> "01.05"

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 13 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.6 Get-Current-State (01-07)

This command returns the current state of the reader.

Return Values: RFE_RET_STATE state

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0107 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0107 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

state = 0x00 -> RFE_STATE_IDLE

6.7 Get-Status-Register (01-08)

This command returns the status register of the reader.

Return Values: unsigned long statusRegister

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0108 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0108 02 08 03 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x08 -> 8 Bytes

statusRegister = 0x00000000000000000000000000000000

6.8 Get-Antenna-Count (01-10)

This command returns the antenna count of the reader.

Return Values: unsigned char count

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0109 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0109 02 01 03 01 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

count = 0x01 -> 1 Antenna

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 14 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.9 Get-Attenuation (02-01)

This command returns the maximal potential and the current attenuation in dBm.

Parameters: none

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**, unsigned short **maxAttenuation**,

unsigned short **currentAttenuation**

Example: PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0201 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0201 02 [07] 03 00 [000F] [000A] 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x07 -> 7 Bytes

[status] = SUCCESS

[maxAttenuation] = 0x000F -> 15 dBm

[currentAttenuation] = 0x000A -> 10 dBm

6.10 Get-Frequency (02-02)

This command returns the current frequency and the maximum count of frequencies that can be set.

enum HOPPING_MODE (unsigned char)	
STATIC_UP	0x00
RANDOM	0x01

Parameters: none

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**, HOPPING_MODE **mode**, unsigned char **maxFrequencyCount**,
unsigned char **frequencyCount**, unsigned char **frequency** [frequencyCount] [3]

Example: PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0204 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC

52 46 45 01 0202 02 [0A] 03 00 [01] [08] [02] [0D4094] [0D3CAC] 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x0A -> 10 Bytes

[status] = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

[mode] = 0x01 -> STATIC_DOWN

[maxFrequencyCount] = 0x08 -> 8 Frequencies

[frequencyCount] = 0x02 -> 2 Frequencies

[frequency1] = 0xD4094 -> 868500 kHz

[frequency2] = 0xD3CAC -> 867500 kHz

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 15 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.11 Get-Sensitivity (02-03)

This command returns the minimal potential and the current sensitivity in dBm.

Parameters: none

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE status, signed short maxSensitivity, signed short minSensitivity
signed short currentSensitivity

Example: PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0203 02 00 04 cs
 Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0203 02 07 03 00 FFAC FFCE FFBD 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x07 -> 7 Bytes
status	= SUCCESS
maxSensitivity	= 0xFFAC -> -84 dBm
minSensitivity	= 0xFFCE -> -50 dBm
currentSensitivity	= 0xFFBD -> -67 dBm

6.12 Get-LBT-Params (02-04) since v1.07

This command returns the current set LBT parameters.

Parameters: none

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE status, unsigned short listenTime, unsigned short idleTime,
unsigned short maxAllocationTime, signed short rssiThreshold

Example: PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0204 02 00 04 cs
 Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0204 02 09 03 00 0001 0000 0190 FFCE 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x09 -> 9 Bytes
status	= SUCCESS
listenTime	= 0x0001 -> 1 ms
idleTime	= 0x0000 -> 0 ms
maxAllocationTime	= 0x0190 -> 400 ms
rssiThreshold	= 0xFFCE -> -50 dBm

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 16 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.13 Set-Attenuation (02-81)

This command can be used to set the attenuation of the reader in dBm. The maximal attenuation value can be found in the documentation of the reader or can be read from the reader using the "Get-Attenuation" command.

Parameters: unsigned short **value**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Set output power to 10 dB

PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0281 02 [02] 03 [000A] 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x02 -> 2 Bytes

[value] = 0x000A -> 10 dBm

Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0281 02 [01] 03 00 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 17 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.14 Set-Frequency (02-82)

This command can be used to set frequency at which the reader should operate. It is also possible to specify more than one frequency. This makes only sense with passive reader. The reader will then be hopping from one to another frequency. The mode how the reader should hop through the frequencies can also be specified. These modes are available:

enum HOPPING_MODE (unsigned char)	
STATIC_UP	0x00
RANDOM	0x01

Every frequency is transferred in three bytes. These three bytes specify the frequency in kHz.

Parameters: HOPPING_MODE **mode**, unsigned char **frequencyCount**,
unsigned char **frequency**s [frequencyCount] [3]

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Set output power to 10 dB

PC -> Reader

52 46 45 01 0282 02	08	03	02	02	0D4094	0D3CAC	04	cs
	[dataLength]	= 0x08 -> 8 Bytes						
	[mode]	= 0x02 -> Random Hopping						
	[frequencyCount]	= 0x02 -> 2 Frequencies						
	[frequency1]	= 0xD4094 -> 868500 kHz						
	[frequency2]	= 0xD3CAC -> 867500 kHz						

Reader->PC

52 46 45 01 0282 02 01 03 00 04 cs

[dataLength]	= 0x01 -> 1 Bytes
[status]	= 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.15 Set-Sensitivity (02-83)

This command can be used to set the sensitivity of the reader in dBm. The minimal sensitivity value can be found in the documentation of the reader or can be read from the reader using the "Get-Sensitivity" command. Due to reader restrictions not every value can be set for sensitivity. The reader will set the best next value and return this value.

Parameters: signed short **targetValue**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**, signed short **actualValue**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Set output power to 10 dB

PC -> Reader	52 46 45 01 0283 02 [02] 03 [FFEC] 04 cs
	[dataLength] = 0x02 -> 2 Bytes
	[targetValue] = 0xFFEC -> -20 dBm
Reader->PC	52 46 45 01 0283 02 [03] 03 [00] [FFE7] 04 cs
	[dataLength] = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes
	[status] = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS
	[actualValue] = 0xFFE7 -> -25 dBm

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 19 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.16 Set-LBT-Params (02-84) since v1.07

This command can be used to set the listen before talk parameters of the reader.

Parameters: unsigned short **listenTime**, unsigned short **idleTime**,
unsigned short **maxAllocationTime**, signed short **rssiThreshold**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Set settings:

ListeTime:	1ms
IdleTime:	0ms
MaxAllocationTime:	400ms
RSSI Threshold:	-50 dBm
PC -> Reader	52 46 45 01 0284 02 08 03 0001 0000 0190 FFCE 04 cs
	dataLength = 0x08 -> 8 Bytes listenTime = 0x0001 -> 1 ms idleTime = 0x0000 -> 0 ms maxAllocationTime = 0x0190 -> 400 ms rssiThreshold = 0xFFCE -> -50 dBm
Reader->PC	52 46 45 01 0284 02 01 03 00 04 cs
	dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 20 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.17 Reboot (03-01)

This function can be used to reboot the reader.

Parameters: None

Return Values: None; the reader is rebooted immediately.

Example: PC -> Reader **52 46 45 01 0301 02 00 04 cs**

6.18 Set-Heartbeat (03-02)

This command can be used to enable the reader to send a periodic heartbeat. The heartbeat can be turned ON/OFF and an interval for this heartbeat messages can be specified. If no interval is specified the reader takes the interval from the factory settings. This value can be found in the data sheet of the reader.

If the HEARTBEAT_DUPLEX is selected, the reader expects the same heartbeat package from the host. If the reader does not get the package from the host in the specified interval, it stops any active scan immediately. The best method to send the heartbeat is to respond to the heartbeat of the reader with the host heartbeat.

enum HEARTBEAT_SIGNAL (unsigned char)	
HEARTBEAT_OFF	0x00
HEARTBEAT_ON	0x01
HEARTBEAT_DUPLEX_ON	0x02

Parameters: HeartBeat_Signal **mode**, (unsigned short **interval_in_ms**)

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,

RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Set heartbeat on and send it every 500ms.

PC -> Reader **52 46 45 01 0302 02 03 03 01 01F4 04 cs**

dataLength = 0x03 -> 3 Bytes

mode = 0x01 -> HEARTBEAT_ON

interval = 0x01F4 -> 500ms

Reader->PC **52 46 45 01 0302 02 01 03 00 04 cs**

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 21 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.19 Set-Antenna-Power (03-03)

This function can be used to set the antenna power on and off. The values are listed below:

enum ANTENNA_POWER (unsigned char)	
ANTENNA_OFF	0x00
ANTENNA_ON	0x01

Parameters: AntennaPower mode

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE status

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Set antenna power off.

PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0303 02 **01** 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

mode = 0x00 -> ANTENNA_OFF

Reader -> PC 52 46 45 01 0303 02 **01** 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 22 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.20 Restore-Factory-Settings (03-20)

This function restores the factory settings. All settings are overwritten.

Parameters: None

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP, RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE

Example: PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0320 02 00 04 cs

Reader -> PC 52 46 45 01 0320 02 **01** 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Byte

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

6.21 Save-Settings-Permanent (03-21)

This function saves all settings permanently to the chip. So the settings are the same after power off.

Parameters: None

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP, RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE

Example: PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0321 02 00 04 cs

Reader -> PC 52 46 45 01 0321 02 **01** 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Byte

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 23 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.22 Set-Param (03-30)

Some readers have more settings than it is possible to set with this protocol. So with this function it is possible to set reader specific parameters. The address and the meaning of the fields can be found in the data sheet of the reader. This function should be used very carefully.

Parameters: unsigned short **address**, unsigned char **size**, unsigned char **data** [**size**]

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP, RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Set the field at 0x0005(address) to the value 0x1785(value).

PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0330 02 04 03 0005 02 1785 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

address = 0x0005

size = 0x02 -> 2 Byte

data = 0x1785

Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0330 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

6.23 Get-Param (03-31)

Some readers have more settings than it is possible to set with this protocol. So with this function it is possible to read reader specific parameters. The address and the meaning of the fields can be found in the data sheet of the reader.

Parameters: unsigned short **address**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status** , unsigned short **size**, unsigned char **data** [**size**]

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP, RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Read the field at 0x0005(address).

PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0331 02 02 03 0005 04 cs

dataLength = 0x02 -> 2 Bytes

address = 0x0005

Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0331 02 03 03 00 02 1785 04 cs

dataLength = 0x03 -> 3 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

size = 0x02 -> 2 Byte

data = 0x1785

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 24 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.24 Set-Device-Name (03-32)

With this command a name can be assigned to the reader.

Parameters: char **name** [max 254]

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT

Example: Set the name “RFID-Reader”.

PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0332 02 0B 03 524649442D526561646572 04 cs

dataLength = 0x0B -> 11 Bytes

name = 0x524649442D526561646572

-> “RFID-Reader”

Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0332 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

6.25 Get-Device-Name (03-33)

With this command the stored name of the device can be retrieved.

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**, char **name** [max 254]

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT

Example: Get the name of the device.

PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0333 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0333 02 0C 03 00 524649442D526561646572 04 cs

dataLength = 0x0C -> 12 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

name = 0x524649442D526561646572

-> “RFID-Reader”

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 25 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.26 Set-Device-Location (03-34)

With this command an additional location string can be assigned to the reader.

Parameters: char **location** [max 254]

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT

Example: Set the location “POS1”.

PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0334 02 04 03 504F5331 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

location = 0x504F5331

-> “POS1”

Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0334 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

6.27 Set-Device-Location (03-35)

With this command the stored location of the device can be retrieved.

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**, char **location** [max 254]

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT

Example: Get the name of the device.

PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0333 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0333 02 05 03 00 504F5331 04 cs

dataLength = 0x05 -> 5 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

name = 0x504F5331

-> “POS1”

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 26 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.28 Set-Tag-Mode (04-01) (not implemented yet)

With this function the Tag-Mode can be set. The Tag-Mode says with which type of tags the reader should operate. The tag **modes** are listed below:

enum TAG_MODE (unsigned char)			
<i>Passive</i>			0x00 - 0x7F
128 kHz	0x00- 0x1F		
13,56 MHz	0x20 - 0x3F		
868-910 MHz	0x40 - 0x5F		
ISO 18000 6-B		0x40	
ISO 18000 6-C / Gen2		0x41	
2,4 GHz	0x60 - 0x7F		

Active			
<i>Passive</i>			0x80 - 0xFF
128 kHz	0x80- 0x9F		
13,56 MHz	0xA0 - 0xBF		
868-910 MHz	0xC0 - 0xDF		
RFE-Active-01		0xC0	Learn Mode
RFE-Active-02		0xC1	Normal Mode
2,4 GHz	0xE0 - 0xFF		

Parameters: TAG_MODE mode

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE status

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Set tag-mode to Gen2.

PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0401 02 01 03 41 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

mode = 0x41 -> ISO 18000 6-C / Gen2

Reader -> PC 52 46 45 01 0401 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 27 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.29 Get Current-Tag-Mode (04-02) (not implemented yet)

This field holds the current tag-mode.

Return Values: unsigned char **tagMode**

Example: PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0402 02 00 04 cs
 Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0402 02 01 03 C0 04 cs
dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes
tagMode = 0xC0 -> RFE-Active-01

6.30 Get Tag-Function-List (04-03) (not implemented yet)

Not every reader can support every function for every tag. So with this function it can be figured out, which tag-function the current reader supports for the current selected tag-mode. This function returns a list of the functions that are supported.

Return Values: unsigned char **count**, unsigned char **functions** [count] [3]

Example: PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 0403 02 00 04 cs
 Reader->PC 52 46 45 01 0402 02 05 03 02 5001 5002 04 cs
dataLength = 0x05 -> 5 Bytes

So the supported functions are:

count = 0x02 -> 2 Functions
50 01 -> Inventory
50 02 -> Read-From-Tag

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 28 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.31 Get-GPIO-Caps (05-01)

This command returns the capabilities of the reader's GPIO pins. It returns a bitmask, which pins are available, are available as output and are available as input.

Return Values: unsigned long **mask**, unsigned long **output**, unsigned long **input**

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0501 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0501 02 [0C] 03 [00 00 FF FF 00 00 FF FF 00 00 FF 00] 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x0C -> 16 Bytes

[mask] = 0x0000FFFF -> 16 GPIO-pins:

→ Pin-0 to Pin-15

[output] = 0x0000FFFF -> 16 Output-pins:

→ Pin-0 to Pin-15

[input] = 0x0000FF00 -> 8 GPIO-pins:

→ Pin-8 to Pin-15

6.32 Get-GPIO-Direction (05-02)

This command returns the current set direction of the pin. If the direction bit for the pin is 1, the direction is output, if the bit is 0, the pin is input.

Return Values: unsigned long **direction**

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0502 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0502 02 [04] 03 [00 00 0F FF] 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

[direction] = 0x0000FFF ->

Refer to the GPIO example before:

- The pins Pin-0 to Pin-11 are configured as output.
- The pins Pin-12 to Pin-15 are configured as input.

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.33 Set-GPIO-Direction (05-03)

This command can be used to change the direction of a pin.

Parameters: unsigned long **directionMask**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0503 02 04 03 00 00 07 FF 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

directionMask = 0x000007FF ->

Refer to the GPIO example before:

- The pins Pin-0 to Pin-10 are configured as output.
- The pins Pin-11 to Pin-15 are configured as input.

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0503 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

6.34 Get-GPIO (05-04)

This command returns the current level of the GPIO-Pins.

Return Values: unsigned long **levelMask**

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0504 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0504 02 04 03 00 00 98 0F 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

directionMask = 0x0000980F ->

Refer to the GPIO examples before:

- The input pins Pin-15, Pin-12 and Pin-11 have a high level.
- The output pins Pin-0 to Pin-3 are set to a high level.

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 30 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.35 Set-GPIO (05-05)

This command can be used to set the level of an output pin to high.

Parameters: unsigned long **mask**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0505 02 04 03 00 00 00 F0 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

directionMask = 0x000000F0 ->

Refer to the GPIO examples before:

- The output pins Pin-4 to Pin-7 are set to a high level.

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0505 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

6.36 Clear-GPIO (05-06)

This command can be used to set the level of an output pin to low.

Parameters: unsigned long **mask**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0506 02 04 03 00 00 00 F0 04 cs

dataLength = 0x04 -> 4 Bytes

directionMask = 0x000000F0 ->

Refer to the GPIO examples before:

- The output pins Pin-4 to Pin-7 are set to a low level.

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0506 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 31 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.37 Set-Antenna-Sequence (06-01) since v1.08

This command sets a sequence for the next cyclic operation. This is done by sending an array of sequence data. These sequence data consist of the selected antenna index and of the time in ms. So the **SequenceStruct** is built up like this:

antennaIndex	unsigned char
activeTime	unsigned long

Parameters: unsigned char **sequenceCount**, SequenceStruct **sequenceData** [sequenceCount]

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Use the antennas #1 and #4 for each 2000ms.

PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0601 02 0B 03 02 01 000007D0 04 000007D0 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x0B -> 11 Byte
sequenceCount	= 0x02 -> 2 SequenceStructs
antennaIndex	= 0x01 -> Antenna #1
activeTime	= 0x000007D0 -> 2000ms
antennaIndex	= 0x04 -> Antenna #4
activeTime	= 0x000007D0 -> 2000ms

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0601 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x01 -> 1 Byte
status	= SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 32 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.38 Get-Antenna-Sequence (06-02) since v1.08

This command returns the current set antenna sequence.

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE status , unsigned char sequenceCount, SequenceStruct

sequenceData [sequenceCount]

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0602 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0602 02 0C 03 00 02 01 000007D0 04 000007D0 04 cs

dataLength = 0x0B -> 11 Bytes

status = SUCCESS

sequenceCount = 0x02 -> 2 SequenceStructs

antennaIndex = 0x01 -> Antenna #1

activeTime = 0x000007D0 -> 2000ms

antennaIndex = 0x04 -> Antenna #4

activeTime = 0x000007D0 -> 2000ms

6.39 Set-Working-Antenna (06-03) since v1.08

This command selects a single antenna for the next single operations like read, write, lock, ...

Parameters: unsigned char antennaid

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE status

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT,

RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0603 02 01 03 02 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Byte

antennaid = 0x02 -> Antenna #2

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0603 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength = 0x01 -> 1 Byte

status = SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 33 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.40 Get-Working-Antenna (06-04) since v1.08

This command returns the selected working antenna.

Return Values: unsigned char **antennald**

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 0604 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 0604 02 02 03 00 01 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x02 -> 2 Bytes
status	= SUCCESS
antennald	= 0x02 -> Antenna #2

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 34 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.41 Activate-Notification (10-01)

This command can be used to activate special notifications that are sent automatically by the reader.

The possible values for the notifications can be found in the documentation of the reader.

Parameters: unsigned char **id**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 1001 02 01 03 01 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

[id] = 0x01 -> i.e. Frequency Change

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 1001 02 01 03 00 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

[status] = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

6.42 Deactivate-Notification (10-02)

This command can be used to deactivate special notifications that are sent automatically by the reader. The possible values for the notifications can be found in the documentation of the reader.

Parameters: unsigned char **id**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 1002 02 01 03 01 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

[id] = 0x01 -> i.e. Frequency Change

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 1002 02 01 03 00 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x01 -> 1 Bytes

[status] = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 35 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.43 Get-Active-Notifications (10-03)

This command can be used to retrieve the current active notifications. The possible values for the notifications can be found in the documentation of the reader.

Return Values: unsigned long long **mask**

Example: PC -> Reader: 52 46 45 01 1003 02 00 04 cs

Reader->PC: 52 46 45 01 1003 02 08 03 0000000000000002 04 cs

dataLength = 0x08-> 8 Bytes

mask = 0x0000000000000002

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 36 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.44 Inventory-Single (50-01)

This function can be used to make a single inventory round. The reader then returns a list of tags that are in its field. With some interfaces the data length for transmission is limited, so if the return packet would be too large, it is separated into more packets. Therefore two counter are transmitted, one that indicates how many tags were found and one that indicates how many tag id are transmitted in this packet.

The reader can send more additional information then only the tag id. Therefore the structure TagInfo is used. This structure has a variable length that is dependent of the information sent from the reader. The type of additional information is dependent of the used reader. These information and the specific identifier can be found in the documentation of the used reader.

The first byte of the structure indicates the length of the whole structure. After this the tag id is sent. This is splitted in a start byte, a length indicator and the id itself. After that additional information can be added by the reader. In the example below, the RSSI value of the tag is added.

Length-of-TagInfo	1 Byte	
StartByte-Tag ID	1 Byte	0x01
ID-Length	1 Byte	
ID	Length	
StartByte-RSSI	1 Byte	0x02
RSSI	2 Byte	

Parameters: None

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**, unsigned char **idCount**, unsigned char **packetIdCount**,
TagInfo **tags** [packetIdCount]

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 37 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

Example: Do a single inventory. The reader sends the TagInfo with only the TagId.

PC -> Reader 52 46 45 01 5001 02 00 04 cs

Reader -> PC

52 46 45 01 5001 02 [12] 03

00 01 [01] 0E 01 0C [300833b23333014035050000] 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x12

[status] = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

[idCount] = 0x01 -> 1 ID

[packetIdCount] = 0x01 -> 1 ID

TagInfo 1

[Length of TagInfo] = 0x0E -> 14 Bytes

[StartByte-TagID] = 0x01

[ID Length] = 0x0C -> 12 Bytes

[TagID] = 30-08-33-b2-33-33-01-40-35-05-00-00

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.45 Inventory-Cyclic (50-02)

This function can be used to start and stop a cyclic inventory. With a cyclic inventory the reader does inventories autonomous in a specified cycle. The timeout between such cycles can be found in the manual of the reader.

This function can be activated and deactivated:

enum INVENTORY_MODE (unsigned char)	
INVENTORY_OFF	0x00
INVENTORY_ON	0x01

After an activation packet was sent from the PC to the reader, the reader sends an answer with the status of the operation. Afterwards interrupt messages are sent to the PC in a defined cycle.

Parameters: InventoryMode **mode**, [optional ulong **time**]

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM

Example: Start cyclic interrupted inventory (**0x01**).

PC -> Reader	52 46 45 01 5002 02 01 03 01 04 cs
Reader -> PC	52 46 45 01 5002 02 01 03 00 04 cs
	dataLength = 0x01
	status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

Example: Start cyclic interrupted inventory for 1000 msec.

PC -> Reader	52 46 45 01 5002 02 05 03 01 000003E8 04 cs
	dataLength = 0x05
	mode = 0x01 -> Inventory ON
	time = 0x000003E8 -> 1000 msec
Reader -> PC	52 46 45 01 5002 02 01 03 00 04 cs
	dataLength = 0x01
	status = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 39 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.46 Read-From-Tag (50-03)

With this function data can be read from the memory of a tag. The meaning of the data, that can be read, can be found in the manual of the tag. On some tags a memory bank must be specified. The memory banks are specified in the manual of the reader dependent of the type of tag.

Parameters: unsigned char **tagIdCount**, unsigned char **tagId[tagIdCount]**,
unsigned char **memoryBank**, unsigned short **startAddress**,
unsigned long **accessPassword**, unsigned char **byteCount**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**, unsigned char **byteCount**, unsigned char **data[byteCount]**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_RESULT_PENDING, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM, Every TMI Return Code

Example: Read 5 byte of the tag 30-08-33-b2-dd-d9-01-40-35-05-00-00 at the memory bank 1 and the start address 0x12:

PC -> Reader

52 46 45 01 5003 02	15	03	0C	300833b2ddd9014035050000	01	0000	00000000	06	04	cs
		dataLength		= 0x15						
		tagIdCount		= 0x0C -> 12 Bytes						
		tagId		= 30-08-33-b2-33-33-01-40-35-05-00-00						
		memoryBank		= 0x01 -> second bank						
		startAddress		= 0x0000						
		accessPassword		= 0x00000000						
		bytesCount		= 0x06 -> 6 Bytes						

Reader -> PC

52 46 45 01 5003 02 08 03 00 06 020023A4884C 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x08
status	= 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS
bytesCount	= 0x06 -> 6 Bytes
data	= 0x020023A4884C

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 40 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.47 Write-To-Tag (50-04)

With this function data can be written to the memory of a tag. The meaning of the data, that can be written, can be found in the manual of the tag. On some tags a memory bank must be specified. The memory banks are specified in the manual of the reader dependent of the type of tag.

Parameters: unsigned char **tagIdCount**, unsigned char **tagId**[tagIdCount],
unsigned char **memoryBank**, unsigned short **startAddress**,
unsigned long **accessPassword**,
unsigned char **byteCount**, unsigned char **data** [byteCount]

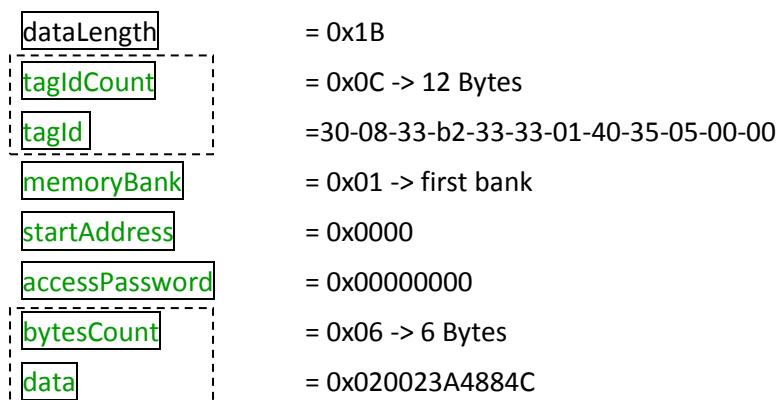
Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_RESULT_PENDING, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM, Every TMI Return Code

Example: Write 5 byte to the tag 30-08-33-b2-dd-d9-01-40-35-05-00-00 at the memory bank 1 and the start address 0x12:

PC -> Reader

52 46 45 01 5004 02 1B 03 0C 300833b2ddd9014035050000 01 0000 00000000
06 020023A4884C 04 cs



Reader -> PC

52 46 45 01 5004 02 01 03 00 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x01
status	= 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 41 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.48 Lock-Tag (50-05)

With this function the tag can be locked. The meaning of the mode and the memory space can be found in the documentation of the reader.

Parameters: unsigned char **tagIdCount**, unsigned char **tagId[tagIdCount]**,
 unsigned char **mode**, unsigned char **mem_space**,
 unsigned long **accessPassword**,

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_RESULT_PENDING, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
 RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT,
 RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM, Every TMI Return Code

Example: Lock the tag 30-08-33-b2-dd-d9-01-40-35-05-00-00 with the mode 1 at the memory space 1:

PC -> Reader

52 46 45 01 5005 02	13 03	0C	300833b2ddd9014035050000	01	01	00000000	04 cs
				dataLength	= 0x13		
				tagIdCount	= 0x0C -> 12 Bytes		
				tagId	= 30-08-33-b2-33-33-01-40-35-05-00-00		
				mode	= 0x01		
				mem_space	= 0x01		
				accessPassword	= 0x00000000		

Reader -> PC

52 46 45 01 5005 02

01	03	00	04 cs
		dataLength	= 0x01
		status	= 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 42 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.49 Kill-Tag (50-06)

With this function the tag can be killed. The meaning of the mode and the memory space can be found in the documentation of the reader.

Parameters: unsigned char **tagIdCount**, unsigned char **tagId[tagIdCount]**,
unsigned char **rfuRecom**, unsigned long **accessPassword**,

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_RESULT_PENDING, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP,
RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT,
RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM, Every TMI Return Code

Example: Kill the tag 30-08-33-b2-dd-d9-01-40-35-05-00-00:

PC -> Reader

52 46 45 01 5006 02	12	03	0C 300833b2ddd9014035050000	00	00000000	04 cs
				dataLength	= 0x12	
				tagIdCount	= 0x0C -> 12 Bytes	
				tagId	= 30-08-33-b2-33-33-01-40-35-05-00-00	
				rfuRecom	= 0x00	
				accessPassword	= 0x00000000	

Reader -> PC

52 46 45 01 5006 02	01	03	00	04 cs		
				dataLength	= 0x01	
				status	= 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS	

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 43 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.50 Custom-Tag-Command (50-10)

With this function a custom tag command can be performed. The possible tag commands and the data structure that must be sent to the reader can be found in the documentation of the reader.

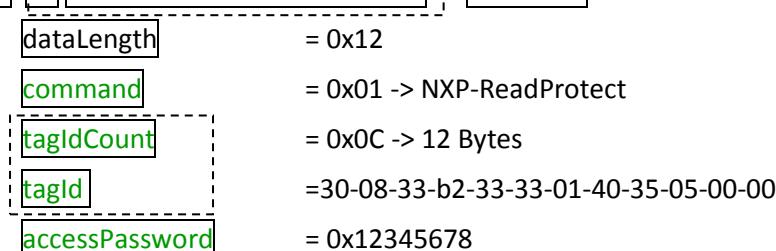
Parameters: unsigned char **command**

Return Values: RFE_RET_VALUE **status**

Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP, RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM, Every TMI
Return Code

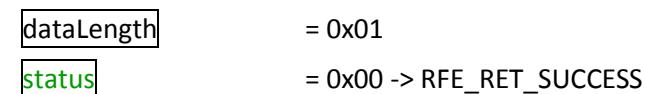
Example: Set NXP-ReadProtect Command to the tag 30-08-33-b2-dd-d9-01-40-35-05-00-00
with PUR-R:
PC -> Reader

52 46 45 01 5010 02 12 03 01 0C 300833b2ddd9014035050000 12345678 04 cs



Reader -> PC

52 46 45 01 5010 02 01 03 00 04 cs



EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 44 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.51 Read-Multiple-From-Tag (50-20)

With this function data can be read from multiple memory banks of a tag with one command. The meaning of the data, that can be read, can be found in the manual of the tag. The memory banks are specified in the manual of the reader dependent of the type of tag.

Parameters: unsigned char **tagIdCount**, unsigned char **tagId[tagIdCount]**,
 struct **MemBankInfo** {
 unsigned char **memoryBank**, unsigned short **startAddress**,
 unsigned long **accessPassword**, unsigned char **byteCount**
 } [**memBankCount**]

Return Values: struct **MemBankData** {
 unsigned char **byteCount**, unsigned char **data[byteCount]**
 } [**memBankCount**]

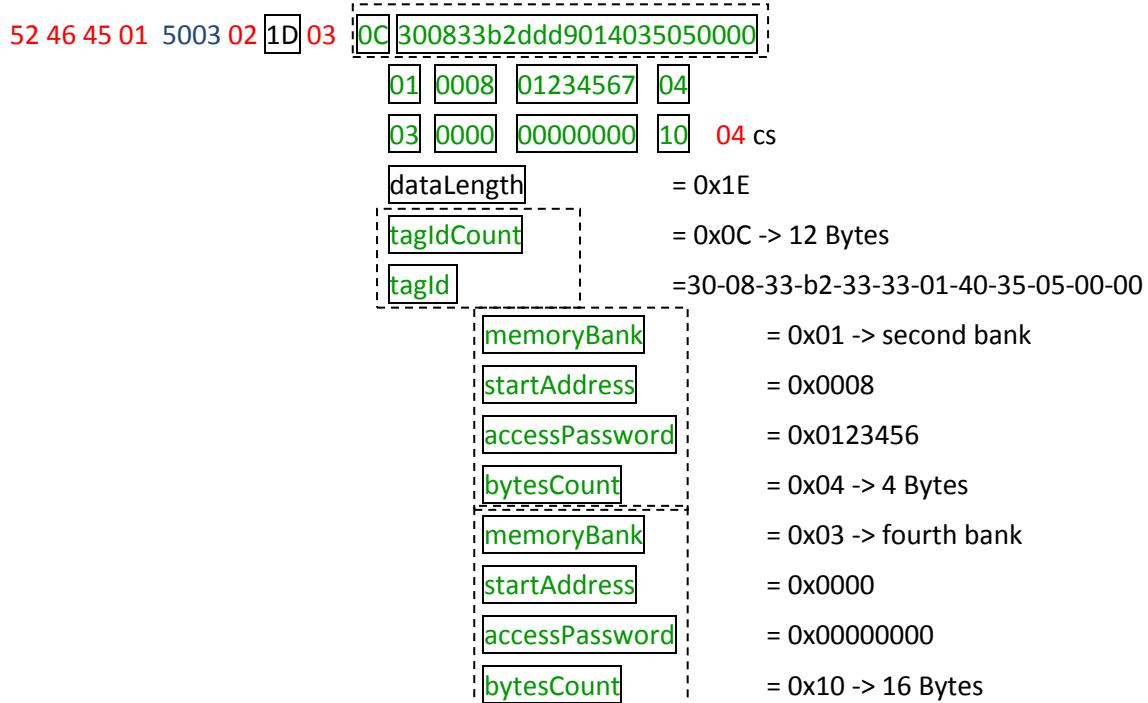
Status Values: RFE_RET_SUCCESS, RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP, RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE,
 RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT, RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM, Every TMI
 Return Code

Example: Use the tag 30-08-33-b2-dd-d9-01-40-35-05-00-00 and read:

4 bytes from **memoryBank 0x01** at **address 8** with **password 01234567** and

16 bytes from **memoryBank 0x03** at **address 0** with **password 00000000**

PC -> Reader



EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 45 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

Reader -> PC

52 46 45 01 5003 02	1B	03	00	08	02120023A4884C15												
10 55431813AB6841E36138AC3132183130 04 cs																	
<table border="0"> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">dataLength</td> <td>= 0x1B</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">status</td> <td>= 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">bytesCount</td> <td>= 0x08 -> 8 Bytes</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">data</td> <td>= 0x02120023A4884C15</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">bytesCount</td> <td>= 0x10 -> 16 Bytes</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">data</td> <td>= 0x55431813AB6841E3</td> </tr> </table>						dataLength	= 0x1B	status	= 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS	bytesCount	= 0x08 -> 8 Bytes	data	= 0x02120023A4884C15	bytesCount	= 0x10 -> 16 Bytes	data	= 0x55431813AB6841E3
dataLength	= 0x1B																
status	= 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS																
bytesCount	= 0x08 -> 8 Bytes																
data	= 0x02120023A4884C15																
bytesCount	= 0x10 -> 16 Bytes																
data	= 0x55431813AB6841E3																
6138AC3132183130																	

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 46 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.52 Heartbeat-Interrupts (90-01)

The interrupt of the heartbeat is sent in a specified interval, if the heartbeat is turned on.

52 46 45 01 9001 02 **01** 03 **00** 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x01 -> 1 Byte
status	= 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

6.53 Inventory-Cyclic-Interrupt (90-02)

The interrupt to the cyclic inventory that can be started with the command 02-01-02 is sent from the reader to the host with exactly one TagInfo. The TagInfo is built up in the same way as it is described in the response of the single inventory. The length of the TagInfo is not included, because there will only be one TagInfo, so the length is not needed.

52 46 45 01 9002 02 **0E** 03 **01** **0C** 3000300833b2333301403505 **04** cs

dataLength	= 0x0E -> 14 Bytes
TagInfo 1	
StartByte-TagID	= 0x01
ID Length	= 0x0C -> 12 Bytes
TagID	= 30-00-30-08-33-b2-33- 33-01-40-35-05

52 46 45 01 9002 02 **10** 03 **01** **0C** 3000300833b2333301403505 **02** **37** 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x10 -> 16 Bytes
TagInfo 1	
StartByte-TagID	= 0x01
ID Length	= 0x0C -> 12 Bytes
TagID	= 30-00-30-08-33-b2-33- 33-01-40-35-05
StartByte-RSSI	= 0x02
RSSI	= 0x37

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 47 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.54 State-Changed-Interrupt (90-03)

The interrupt is sent every time the state changes. See the enum CURRENT_READER_STATE.

52 46 45 01 9003 02 **01** 03 **00** 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x01 -> 1 Byte
status	= 0x00 -> RFE_STATE_IDLE

6.55 Status-Reg-Changed-Interrupt (90-04)

The interrupt is sent every time the reader detects an error.

52 46 45 01 9004 02 **08** 03 **00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00** 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x08 -> 8 Byte
statusRegister	= 0x0000000000000000

6.56 Boot-Up-Finished-Interrupt (90-05)

The interrupt is sent when the system boot up finished.

The possible values are:

STARTING	0x00
FINISHED	0x01

52 46 45 01 9005 02 **01** 03 **01** 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x01 -> 1 Byte
finished	= 0x01 -> OK

6.57 Notification-Interrupt (90-06)

The interrupt is sent every time a setting, for which the notification was activated, was changed.

52 46 45 01 9006 02 **04** 03 **01** **0D4094** 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x04 -> 4 Byte
notification-id	= 0x01 -> i.e. Frequency Change
frequency	= 0x0D4094 -> 868500 kHz

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 48 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

6.58 Operation-Result-Interrupt (90-08)

The interrupt is sent every time a pending operation finished and contains the data of the operation result.

52 46 45 01 9008 02 **06** 03 **23** **00** **03** **02699A** 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x06 -> 6 Byte
pending-id	= 0x23 -> Pending ID 0x23
status	= 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS
byteCount	= 0x03 -> 3 Bytes
result data	= 0x02699A

6.59 GPIO-Values-Changed-Interrupt (90-09)

The interrupt is sent every time a GPIO input pin's value is changed.

52 46 45 01 9004 02 **04** 03 **00** **00** **98** **0F** 04 cs

dataLength	= 0x04 -> 4 Byte
gpioCalues	= 0x0000980F ->

Refer to the GPIO examples before:

- The input pins Pin-15, Pin-12 and Pin-11 have a high level.
- The output pins Pin-0 to Pin-3 are set to a high level.

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 49 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

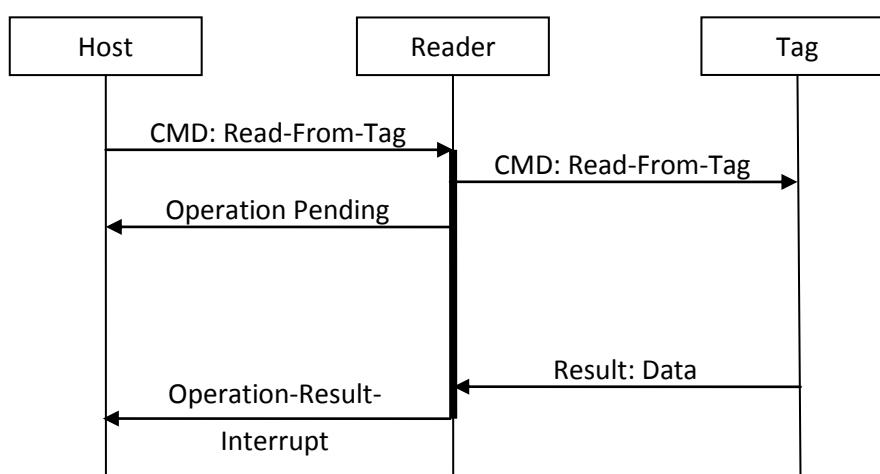
	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

7 Pending Results

Some operations, especially tag operations, can last for a quite long time. To not get in doubt if the reader did not get the command or is not responding any more, the return code RFE_RET_RESULT_PENDING was introduced. This return code should inform the application that the reader is working on the operation.

Example: Read-From-Tag command.

Message-Flow:



Example: Read 5 byte of the tag 30-08-33-b2-dd-d9-01-40-35-05-00-00 at the memory bank 1 and the start address 0x12:

PC -> Reader

52 46 45 01 5003 02 [15] 03 [0C] [300833b2ddd9014035050000] 01 [0000] [00000000] 06 04 cs

Reader -> PC

52 46 45 01 5003 02 [02] 03 [01] [32] 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x02

[status] = 0x01 -> RFE_RET_OPERATION_PENDING

[pending-id] = 0x32 -> Pending ID 0x32

Reader -> PC

52 46 45 01 9008 02 [09] 03 [32] [00] [06] [020023A4884C] 04 cs

[dataLength] = 0x09

[pending-id] = 0x32 -> Pending ID 0x32

[status] = 0x00 -> RFE_RET_SUCCESS

[bytesCount] = 0x06 -> 6 Bytes

[data] = 0x020023A4884C

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 50 von 51
-----------------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

 RF-Embedded GmbH	Document Technical Specification	version: v0.12 status: date: 2013-01-15
project title: Reader-Host-Protocol		org

8 Data Structures

The used data structures are collected in this chapter and shown in C syntax:

```

enum RFE_RET_VALUE
{
    RFE_RET_SUCCESS      = 0x00,
    RFE_RET_RESULT_PENDING = 0x01,
    RFE_RET_ERR_OP_NOT_SUPPORTED = 0x50,
    RFE_RET_ERR_UNKOWN_ERR = 0x51,
    RFE_RET_ERR_ON_EXEC_OP = 0x52,
    RFE_RET_ERR_COULD_NOT_WRITE = 0x53,
    RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM_COUNT = 0x54,
    RFE_RET_ERR_WRONG_PARAM = 0x55,
    RFE_RET_TMI_TAG_UNREACHABLE = 0xA0,
    RFE_RET_TMI_MEM_OVERRUN = 0xA1,
    RFE_RET_TMI_MEM_LOCKED = 0xA2,
    RFE_RET_TMI_INSUFFICIENT_POWER = 0xA3,
    RFE_RET_TMI_WRONG_PASSWORD = 0xA4
};

enum CURRENT_READER_STATE
{
    RFE_STATE_IDLE      = 0x00,
    RFE_STATE_REBOOTING = 0x01,
    RFE_STATE_SCANNING = 0x10,
    RFE_STATE_WRITING = 0x11,
    RFE_STATE_READING = 0x12,
};

enum HEARTBEAT_SIGNAL
{
    HEARTBEAT_OFF      = 0x00,
    HEARTBEAT_ON       = 0x01,
    HEARTBEAT_DUPLEX_ON = 0x02,
};

enum ANTENNA_POWER
{
    ANTENNA_OFF        = 0x00,
    ANTENNA_ON         = 0x01
};

enum INVENTORY_MODE{
    INVENTORY_OFF      = 0x00,
    INVENTORY_ON       = 0x01,
};

```

EN_DS - Reader-Host-Protocol.docx	created by: Stefan Detter	page: 51 von 51
-----------------------------------	----------------------------------	------------------------